

St Luke's Knowledge Organiser

History - Year 3 - Ancient Egyptians

What I should already know

◆

Historical skills

- ◆ Develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of where and when the earliest civilisations appeared
- ◆ Compare and contrast
- ◆ Place the times studied and previously studied on a timeline

Timeline

- **7,500 BC** - the first settlers arrive in the Nile Valley
- **3,200 BC** - Hieroglyphs are used to keep trade records
- **2,555 BC** - Giza Pyramids are built for three Pharaohs.
- **2,520 BC** - The Great Sphinx is built
- **1,539 BC** - Valley of the Kings starts and pharaohs are buried with their treasures.
- **1,332 BC** - The 10 year rule of Tutankhamun begins
- **51 BC** - Cleopatra's reign begins, the Egyptian civilization ends



Sticky Knowledge

- ◆ Ancient Egypt was an ancient civilisation of North Africa with many rulers called Pharaohs.
- ◆ Tutankhamen was known as the boy king, famous because his tomb was found in pristine condition in 1922. There are lots of mysteries surrounding his tomb.
- ◆ The importance of artefacts in finding out about the past.
- ◆ The Egyptians were the first civilization to invent writing
- ◆ The River Nile was a massive source of life in the deserts of Ancient Egypt.
- ◆ Cleopatra was the last pharaoh of Egypt before the Romans took over

Vocabulary

archaeologist	People who discover our history by looking at artefacts that have been found.
pharaohs	Originally meant 'great house', but came to mean the person who resided in it. The Ruler!
tombs	These are magnificent and beautiful burial chambers.
pyramid	Part of the burial complexes for Egyptian pharaohs
hieroglyphs	Ancient Egyptian writing and the world's first form of writing.
sarcophagus	The case that the mummy is buried in.
vizier	The most powerful position after the king. Just like a modern day prime minister.
mummy	Remains of a body found inside the sarcophagus.
scribe	A scribe recorded in writing the everyday life and extraordinary happenings in Ancient Egypt.
papyrus	An Egyptian plant whose reeds are slit and placed in layers in order to form paper.
scarab	Scarabs are amulets formed to look like the dung beetle, an animal associated by the ancient Egyptians with life, rebirth and the Sun God Re.