

St Luke's Knowledge Organiser

History - Year 3 - Stone Age to Iron Age

What I should already know

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Historical skills

- ◆ Develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of the Stone Age, Bronze Age and Iron Age.
- ◆ Compare and contrast
- ◆ Place the times studied and previously studied on a timeline

Timeline

- **700,000 BC** - Stone Age Palaeolithic
- **10,000 BC**—Stone Age Mesolithic
- **4500 BC**— Stone Age Neolithic
- **2300 BC** Bronze Age
- **700 BC**—Iron Age



Sticky Knowledge

- The Stone Age started around 3 million years ago when humans started to live in Europe. It was divided into 3 periods the Palaeolithic, the Mesolithic and the Neolithic. The tools were made from stone.
- ◆ The Stone Age was followed by the Bronze Age when humans learnt to use metal.
- ◆ The Iron Age followed by the Iron Age. Tools and weapons became more advanced and were used for farming, hunting and fighting.
- ◆ In the early Stone Age people were hunter-gatherers. In the Iron Age people were mainly farmers living in settlements.

Vocabulary

archaeologist	People who discover our history by looking at artefacts that have been found.
artefact	An object made by humans, usually of historical or cultural interest.
BC	Before Christ. 750BC means 750 years before Jesus was born.
prehistory	The time in the past before history was written down
hunter-gatherers	People who live by hunting, fishing and gathering wild fruit.
settlement	A place where there were several Stone Age shelters like a village.
Stonehenge	Prehistoric monument and one of the seven wonders of the world .
Skara Brae	A well preserved Stone Age village built in the Neolithic period around 3000BC. Was discovered in 1850.
hillfort	Defended settlement built on a hill during the Iron Age.
roundhouse	Typical Iron Age home.