

St Luke's Knowledge Organiser

History - Year 4 - The Romans

What I should already know

- ◆ The expansion of the Roman Empire
- ◆ Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age



Historical skills

- ◆ Develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of the Romans in Britain
- ◆ Compare and contrast
- ◆ Place the times studied and previously studied on a timeline
- ◆ Select and organise relevant historical information

Timeline

- **55 BC** - 1st attempted invasion led by Julius Caesar
- **54BC** - 2nd attempted invasion led by Julius Caser
- **43AD** - Successful invasion of Britain
- **60AD** - Boudicca's rebellion.
- **122AD** - Hadrian's wall built.
- **410AD**—Romans leave Britain

Sticky Knowledge

- Before the Romans invaded, Britain was home to Celts. They were fierce warriors, and the different tribes were often at war with one another.
- Julius Caesar led two unsuccessful attempts to invade Britain in 55BC and 54BC. In 43AD Claudius led the Roman army in a successful invasion of Britain.
- Some Celtic tribes fought against the Romans, some accepted their rule. In AD60 Boudicca the leader of Iceni tribe led a rebellion against the Romans. The Roman army was more organised and won the 3rd battle.
- The Romans built long straight roads in Britain to transport goods, people and send messages to different towns in the country.
- The Romans built aqueducts which moved water to the towns and some houses had running waster.
- In AD122 the Romans built Hadrian's wall to protect Britain from the Picts in Caledonia.

Vocabulary

invasion	A sudden armed attack with the aim of causing damage rather than occupying any of the enemy's land.
emperor	The ruler of an empire
Celts	A large hall-like building where many Viking families would live together.
Caledonia	The name Romans used for Scotland.
Picts	Tribes from Caledonia.
Roman Empire	The name given for land controlled by the Romans.
Iceni	A tribe of Celts living in the East of Britain.
legion	A large section of the Roman Army—5000 soldiers
Hadrian's wall	Emperor Hadrian ordered a wall to built by Roman soldiers to protect Roman Britain from the Picts in Caledonia.
aqueduct	A large system, like a bridge, for carrying water from one place to another.
Roman baths	A number of rooms designed for bathing, relaxing, and socialising..